

PROBLEM 1. When is $a \equiv b \pmod{2}$? $a \equiv b \pmod{1}$? $a \equiv b \pmod{0}$?

PROBLEM 2. Suppose $a \equiv a' \pmod{m}$ and $b \equiv b' \pmod{m}$.

- (a) Prove that $a + b \equiv a' + b' \pmod{m}$.
- (b) Prove that $ab \equiv a'b' \pmod{m}$.

PROBLEM 3. Let $n \geq 1$.

- (a) Show that if $a \equiv 1 \pmod{m}$, then $a^n \equiv 1 \pmod{m}$.
- (b) Show that if $a \equiv m - 1 \pmod{m}$, then $a^n \equiv 1 \pmod{m}$ if n is even and $a^n \equiv m - 1 \pmod{m}$ if n is odd.

PROBLEM 4.

- (a) Compute the remainder modulo 6 of

$$334 \cdot 545 + 191 \cdot 63.$$

- (b) Today is Wednesday. What day will it be 3^{20} days from today?

PROBLEM 5. Recall the equivalence relation from the mini-lecture: having fixed $m \in \mathbb{Z}$, for $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$, we say $a \sim b$ if $a - b = km$ for some $k \in \mathbb{Z}$. In other words, $a \sim b$ if and only if $a \equiv b \pmod{m}$. Take $m > 0$, for convenience.

- (a) Show that \sim is an equivalence relation directly from the definition.
- (b) State the division algorithm for integers a and m , and use it to determine the number of equivalence classes for \sim .

PROBLEM 6. (If you have extra time.) Let $V := \{0, 1, \dots, m - 1\}$ for some positive integer m , and fix $a \in V$. Let $G(a, m)$ be the directed graph with vertex set V and with an edge from b to c if $c = b + a \pmod{m}$. Draw this graph for various a and m , and try to deduce its general structure.